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P2004625 – SVAF II – Sea- and sewage water

Test program and manual

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> **Refrigeration and heat pump technic** Energy and climate

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1 Introduction

This document describes the test program that is to be conducted as a part of the SVAF project concerning the development and test of a sea and seawage water heat pump. The project is supported by the EUDP fund of the Danish Energy Agency.

The test facility will be used to test a sea and cleansed sewage water as individual heat sources. The overall goal is to test the energy efficiency (COP) and the operation expenses under different modes of operation in order to evaluate if the technology is competitive as a heat production technology supplying the larger Copenhagen area. Furthermore, a critical parameter is security of supply with regards to fouling of the heat exchanger and especially with regards low seawater temperatures in the winter, which is often influenced by specific factors such as depth, flow, and salinity and hence regional knowledge is the key.

The test is divided into three parts.

The first part describes the test which are part of the SAT (site acceptance test) test described in P2004625-SVAF-SAT test-Rev03.

The second part describes the test that have been named short-term test and are beyond SAT test. The measurements from both SAT and short time tests are used to verify the models made by DTU. The data are also used to define which control loops should be implemented in the automatic heat pump tuning module named HP AutoTune and will also be used as a basis data for the running analyses module named HP Doctor where it represents a reference case data.

The last part describes the long-term tests. The purpose of these tests is to verify the function of the HP AutoTune and HP Doctor over longer period. Here the running conditions are compared to the basic case and the adjustments of the HP AutoTune and HP Doctor evaluated.

The SAT test is expected to take fifteen days. The short term test is expected to cover a period of approximately two months and the main focus is testing COP under various modes of operation. The long term test is expected to last approximately two years. The issues investigated in this third stage covers automatic optimisation of COP (HP AutoTune) and operational expenses (HP Doctor) respectively with the help of models developed by the Technological University of Denmark (DTU) in cooperation with DTI.

2 SAT test

The SAT test is part of the delivery of the heat pump system from Innotherm. The test described here is to verify that the heat pump installation can run in the range described in the offer from the producer of the heat pump compressors GEA.

The SAT test consist of 11 tests described in the following. Starting with two performance test one for seawater and the other for sewage water. The performance test is required as part of the commissioning of the heat pumps. The following 9 tests are performed to verify that the heat pump can run in the running envelope described by GEA. If the heat pump is found not to be able to run in the total running envelope, a dialogue will follow with the contractor Innotherm as to how to solve this, but it is not an issue of not accepting the heat pump.

| Name of test | 2.1 Performance test - Seawater | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the he the heat load in the offer from GEA within per | | ated COP _H and | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings i.e. the following points for the heat pump system is adjusted to the values in table below. The seawater flow to the evaporators is parallel connected. | | | |
| | | Sensor | Value | |
| | Adjustments | | | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | District heating flow | FT4261 | 144m ³ /h | |
| | Seawater inlet temperature | TT4125 | 4,0°C | |
| | Seawater outlet temperature | TT4223 | 0,5°C | |
| | Seawater flow to each evaporator | FT4263+FT4162 | 471,6 | |
| | Requirements | | | |
| | Total COP _H minimum | | 2,88 | |
| | Maximum district heating load | | 5265kW | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Special equipment | Calculation of the COP for both heat pump pumps The measurements should be logged at least The running conditions should be accepted by | every 10 sec (or as ofte | n as possible) | |
| | | | | |
| Expected duration | 1 test. Running with 30 minutes for stabilising running condition without alarms where meas | • | | |
| Horizont | Week 8 | | | |
| Special conditions | 10 measurements are taken over the 60 minu | tes with 6 minutes' inte | rval and the | |
| required | average of these 10 measurements used as the | ne average COP. | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat COP_H is above the one in the table all lower than the one given in the table above. | bove and the district he | ating load is | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 2.2 Performance test – Sewage water | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump the heat load in the offer from GEA within permissible d | | tated COP_H and |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings i.e. the running conditions for the heat pump system is adjusted to the values in table below. The sewage water flow to the evaporators is serial connected. | | |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | Adjustments | | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | District heating flow | FT4261 | 141m ³ /h |
| | Seawater inlet temperature HP1 | TT4127 | 7,0°C |
| | Seawater outlet temperature HP1 | TT4128 | 4,0°C |
| | Seawater inlet temperature HP2 | TT4125 | 10,0°C |
| | Seawater outlet temperature HP2 | TT4125 | 7,0°C |
| | Seawater flow to evaporators | FT4162 | 550,8 m³/h |
| | | | |
| | Requirements | | 2.00 |
| | Total COP _H minimum Maximum district heating load | | 3,06 5146kW |
| | | | 5140KW |
| Measurements | Measurements on the power intake to the heat pumps and the energy on the district heating site Calculation of the COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 and the total COP for both heat pumps The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | OP for both heat |
| Special equipment | The running conditions should be accepted by Innotherr | n, HOFOR and | I COWI. |
| Expected duration | 1 test. Running with 30 minutes for stabilising the syste running condition without alarms where measurements | | |
| Horizon | Week 8 | | |
| Special conditions | 10 measurements are taken over the 60 minutes with 6 | minutes' inte | rval and the |
| required | average of these 10 measurements used as the average | e COP. | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat COP_H is above the one in the table above and to lower than the one given in the table above. | he district he | ating load is |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 2.3 District heating maximum temperature | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------|--------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump can operate at the maximum temperature on water into the district heating system with seawater as a source. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then the temperature set point of the HP2 will be set to the highest possible i.e. 90°C with other parameters as described in the table beneath. The temperature on the source is the one available when the test is conducted. The heat pump source for this test is seawater. And the flow on the seawater side is parallel. | | |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 57°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 74°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4223 | 90°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| Measurements | Measurements on the district heating outlet temperature Measurements of total COP and COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 2 test. Each with 30 minutes for stabilising the system a running condition without alarms. Total 120 minutes. | nd 30 minute | s for stable |
| Horizon | Week 8 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with tests 3.1 | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable runnin alarms. | ng condition a | and without |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 2.4 District heating minimum temperature | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump can operate at the minimum temperature on water into the district heating system with seawater as a source. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then the the HP2 will be set to the lowest possible i.e. 66°C with othe table beneath. | | |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 44°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 56°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 66°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| Measurements | Measurements of DH outlet temperature Measurements of total COP and COP for both heat put | Imp 1 and 2 | |
| | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 se | ec (or as often | as possible) |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 2 test. Each with 30 minutes for stabilising the system ar running condition without alarms. Total of 120 minutes. | nd 30 minutes | for stable |
| Horizon | Week 8 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with test 3.1 | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable runnir alarms. | ng condition ar | nd without |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 2.5 District heating intermediate temperature li | mits | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|---|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump system can run with set point to the HP1 that can be varied within the limits expected. | | |
| Short description | Short description The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the district hear intermediate temperature is changed i.e. the temperature set point to HP1. First temperature set point is increased until highest available value is reached. This is reached when HP2 is running on its lowest capacity. Then the system runs for min with stable running conditions without alarms. Then the temperature set point is reduced until the HP1 is running on lowest set point available and the let the sy run for 30 min on stable running conditions. This condition is reached when HP1 running on lowest capacity. The temperature set point for HP1 is changed by changing the distribution factor that determines the HP1 set point. The heat pump source is seawater. | | HP1. First, the ed. This value runs for 30 re set point is et the system when HP1 is |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 60/70°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW |
| Measurements | Measurement of the intermediate DH temperature in between HP1 and HP2 Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 Mass flow, temperatures, pressure and levels in the HP cycle The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 2 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set po system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. | | - |
| Horizon | Week 8 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with test 3.3 | | |
| Success criteria | Success criteria The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and witho alarms. | | id without |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 2.6 Saturated temperature limit on intermediate stage | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the HP1 and HP2 can run with intermedium temperature within the limits expected. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in factor between LS and HS for HP1 and HP2 is changed intermediate temperature from the lowest available to the intermediate temperature is moved to the highest more load over to the LS compressor. When the highest system should run for 30 min with stable running cond the intermediate temperature is reduced to the lowest the HS compressor. The system should run for 30 min The source for this test is seawater. | . This will change the highest avai available value b st value is reache litions without ala value by shifting | e the lable. First, by moving ed then the arms. Then I the load to |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Compressors intermediate temperature HP1 | TT500.01 | 25-40°C |
| | Compressors intermediate temperature HP2 | TT550.01 | 25-40°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 2500kW |
| | | | I |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 4 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 360 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 9 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with test 3.3 | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| | | | |

| Name of test | 2.7 District heating capacity limit | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify lowest and highest capacity of the heat pump system. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the heating capacity limit is tested by entering the lowest value in the SCADA system until the heat pump system is on lowest capacity. This is reached when all compressors are running on lowest capacity. Then the flow is adjusted upwards until the maximum capacity is reached. This is reached when all compressors are at 100% capacity. The heat source for this test is seawater. | | | |
| | | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | | 68°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load (min/max) | 02EM4262 | Min/5200kW | |
| Measurements | Measurement of the heat pump capacity and district heating flow Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 2 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | - | |
| Horizon | Week 9 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with test 3.2 | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | and without | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 2.8 Source side capacity limit | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump can run in the source flow range specified. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings source side i.e. the seawater and sewage wat minimum to maximum. This is done by chang Δt over the source side. The bigger the Δt the represents minimum flow. Thereafter increase maximum flow is reached. When the flow thre series is lower than recommended, the flow is are tested one for the seawater which represe sewage water which represents warmer temp The heat source is both seawater and sewage | ter is changed by char ging the set point for lower the flow. Star e the flow by decreas ough the heat exchar s changed to parallel ents a low temperatures. | Inging the flow from the pumps i.e. the t with high Δt that sing the Δt until ngers working in . Two temperatures |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4257 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW |
| | Seawater flow (min/max) | FT4162+FT4163 | 78/310(m ³ /h) |
| | Sewage water flow (min/max) | FT4162 | 78/155(m ³ /h) |
| Measurements Special equipment | Measurement of the source side flow Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 4 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the ad system and 30 minutes for stable running wit | | - |
| Horizon | Week 9 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with test 3.5 | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 2.9 Source side capacity distribution | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the heat pump can vary the flow distribution on the source side between the evaporators for HP1 and HP2. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings parallel through the evaporators and the capa on the source side is changed by changing th The flow through HP2 evaporator is increased in SCADA until the HP2 is running on 100% c HP2 is running on lowest capacity. The source for this test is sewage water. | acity distribution betw e distribution through d by changing the flow | veen HP1 and HP2 n the evaporators. v distribution factor |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4257 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW |
| | Sewage water flow | FT4162+FT4163 | 145(m ³ /h) |
| | Sewage water flow through HP2 | FT4162 | Min/Max% |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Special equipment Expected duration | No special equipment required 2 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the ad | | four state i li sin state s |
| · | system and 30 minutes for stable running wit | | - |
| Horizon | Week 9 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with tests ?? and ?? | | |
| | Coordinated with tests ?? and ?? The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with s alarms. | stable running conditi | on and without |
| other tests (?) | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with s | table running conditi | on and without |
| other tests (?) Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with s alarms. | table running conditi | on and without |

| Name of test | 2.10 Heat exchangers limits | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to verify that the he cooling and oil can operate in their flow range. | | for superheat, sub | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the various limits for the heat exchangers for super heat, sub cooling and oil are tested. The flow through each heat exchanger is tested on min and max flow and tested if the heat pump can work in the area without running into capacity limitations or warnings. The min and max flows are reached by changing the set points for each loop accordingly. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 2.10 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4257 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | FT4261 | 3000kW | |
| | Desuperheater HP1 LS flow | FT4269 | 3,5/8,8(m ³ /h) | |
| | Desuperheater HP2 LS flow | FT4271 | 3,5/8,8(m ³ /h) | |
| | Desuperheater HP1 HS flow | FT4254 | 0,3/6,7(m ³ /h) | |
| | Desuperheater HP2 HS flow | FT4266 | 4,5/11(m ³ /h) | |
| | Oil cooler HP1 LS flow | FT4267 | 2,7/3,3(m ³ /h) | |
| | Oil cooler HP2 LS flow | FT4270 | 2,7/3,3(m ³ /h) | |
| | Oil cooler HP1 HS flow | FT4268 | 1,9/2,3(m ³ /h) | |
| | Oil cooler HP2 HS flow | FT4272 | 4,1/5,0(m ³ /h) | |
| | Subcooler HP1 HS flow | FT4263 | 2,2/6,7(m ³ /h) | |
| | Subcooler HP2 HS flow | FT4265 | 3,5/17,0(m ³ /h) | |
| Measurements Special equipment | Measurement of the source side flow throut Measurements of total COP, COP for both The measurements should be logged at least end No special equipment required | heat pump 1 an | d 2 | |
| Expected duration | 20 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the ad system and 30 minutes for stable running with | | | |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Coordinated with tests 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10, 3.1 | 1, 3.12, 3.13, 3 | 3.14, 3.15 and 3.16 | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with sta alarms. | able running co | ndition and without | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |

| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI |
|----------------------|---|
| Comments | |

| Name of test | 2.11 Start up and shut down times | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to measure the actual start up and shut down times of the heat pump system and the average COP during that process to be able to estimate possible reduction. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the compressor runs on stable running condition described in the table below. The stop button is pressed and during shut down the system is monitored and the COP measured. The time unti the heat pump system has come to a complete stop is measured. The system is kept stopped for 30 min and then the start button is pressed. The system is monitored during start up and until stable running condition is established again. The heat source is seawater. | | |
| | | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4257 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| Measurements | | heat pump 1 and 2 | often as possible) |
| | • Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 1 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching stable condition and then estimated 30 minutes for stopping the system. Then with 30 minutes delay until start again and therefrom estimated 30 minutes start up time and 30 minutes for stable running conditions. Total 150 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | | | |
| Success criteria | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

3 Short term test

In the short term test, expected to last approximately two months, focus is on testing the COP under various modes of operation. The effect of the different control loops that are a part of the HP AutoTune is tested. The data from this test is also used in the basis case for the HP Doctor and to verify the statistical model of the heat pump. In the SAT test the limit points are measured and here the remaining intermediate points from are measured. By combining them the total range for the measured points is reached.

| Name of test | 3.1 DH temperature sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the heat pump set point i.e. the temperature on the district heating water into the net on the COP. | | | |
| Shot description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then the temperature set point HP2 will be set to the values stated in the table below. After changing the set p the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 minutes for each measur points. This test is conducted with seawater as source. | | | |
| | | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | According to distribution factor | |
| | District heating outlet temperature set point | TT4223 | 74/82°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| Measurements | Measurements of the district heating outlet Measurements of total COP, COP for both h The measurements should be logged at least explanation | ieat pump 1 an | d 2 | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 2 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | | |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.3 and 2.4 whi | ich is the min a | and max measurements | |
| other tests (?) | where here the intermediate points area measu | ired. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.2 Capacity sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------|----------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the heat pump capacity on the COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then the capacity of the HP2 will be set to the values stated in the table below. After changing the set point the system allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 minutes for each measuring points. This test is conducted with seawater as source. | | | |
| | Test 3.2 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature set point | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 2000/3000/4000kW | |
| Managemente | Moncurrements of the best sums sustem a | anacity | | |
| Measurements | Measurements of the heat pumps system capacity Measurements of the district heating outlet temperature set point The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 2 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | | |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.3 and 2.4 whi | | and max measurements | |
| other tests (?) | where here the intermediate points area measu | red. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.3 Intermediate saturated temperature COP sensitivity for HP1 and HP2 | | |
|--|--|--------------------|----------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the intermediate temperature on the COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, we change the load distribution factor between LS and HS for HP1 and HP2. This will change the intermediate temperature from the lowest allowable to the highest allowable. First, we move the intermediate temperature to the highest available value by moving more load over to the LS compressor. When the highest value is reached then the system should run for 30 min with stable running conditions without alarms. Then the intermediate temperature is reduced in steps of 5°C until the lowest value is reached by shifting the load to the HS compressor. The system should run for 30 m on stable running conditions for each measuring point. | | |
| | Test 3.3 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Compressors intermediate temperature HP1 | PT400.01 | 35/30°C |
| | Compressors intermediate temperature HP2 | PT450.01 | 35/30°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 2500kW |
| Special equipment Expected duration | HP1 and HP2 intermediate saturated temperature Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required 4 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the | | |
| | system and 30 minutes for stable running without | ut alarms. Total 3 | 360 min. |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.6. Test 2.6 is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 3.4 HP1 set point sensitivity on COP | | | |
|---|--|----------|------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the set point adjustment for HP1 on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the district heating intermediate temperature is changed i.e. the temperature set point to HP1. Starting from the highest available set point value. This value is reached when HP2 is running on its lowest capacity. Then the system runs for 30 min with stable running conditions without alarms. Then the temperature set point is reduced in steps until the HP1 is running on lowest set point available. After changes the system is allowed to stabilize and then kept running for 30 min on stable conditions. This is repeated until minimum set point is reached. This condition is reached when HP1 is running or lowest capacity. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.4 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 63/65/67°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW | |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 second No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the adjusted set po system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. | | - | |
| Horizon | Week 10 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.5 Test 2.5 is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Participants Responsible for test | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |

| Name of test | 3.5 Seawater pump flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the changes to flow on the source side on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the flow sensitivity for the COP on the source side i.e. the seawater is changed by changing the flow from minimum to maximum in steps. This is done by changing the set point for the pumps i.e. the Δt over the source side. The bigger the Δt the lower the flow. Start with high Δt that represents minimum flow in the table or flow close to the recommended. Thereafter increase the flow in steps by decreasing the Δt until maximum flow in the table is reached. The heat source is seawater connected in parallel through the test. | | | |
| | Test 3.5 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW | |
| | Seawater flow | FT4263+FT4262 | 100/150/200/250(m ³ /h) | |
| Measurements | Measurement of the sweater flow Measurements of total COP, COP The measurements should be logged | for both heat pump 1 | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 4 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching system and 30 minutes for stable run | | - | |
| Horizon | Week 11 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.8 w | hich is the min and r | nax measurements where | |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area mea | asured. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.6 Seawater flow distribution sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the source flow distribution through heat exchanger on HP1 and HP2 on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the flow is run parallel through the evaporators and the capacity distribution between HP1 and on the source side is changed by changing the distribution through the evapor The flow through HP2 evaporator is increased by changing the flow distribution in SCADA according to the table below. The heat source for this test is sewage water. | | | |
| | Test 3.6 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 3000kW | |
| | Sewage flow | FT4263+FT4262 | 145(m ³ /h) | |
| | Sewage flow through HP2 | FT4262 | 30/50/70% | |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least No special equipment required | every 10 sec (or as | often as possible) | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 60 min for reaching the ad system and 30 minutes for stable running with | | - | |
| Horizon | Week 11 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.9 which is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.7 HP1-LS: Desuperheater DH flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the desuperheater on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of th DH flow through the desuperheater on LS of HP1 is investigated to be able to draw graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps according to the table and the corresponding flow measured. After changing the set point the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.7 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| | Desuperheater HP1 LS flow | FT4243 | 5,0/6,0/7,0 (m ³ /h) | |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adj system and 30 minutes for stable running with | • | - | |
| Horizon | Week 11 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. | the min and max | x measurements where | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.8 HP2-LS: Desuperheater DH flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the desuperheater on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of the DH flow through the desuperheater on LS of HP2 is investigated to be able to draw graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps according to the table and the corresponding flow measured. After changing the set point the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.8 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| | Desuperheater HP2 LS flow | FT4249 | 5/6/7(m ³ /h) | |
| Measurements | Measurements of the flow through the HP2 LS desuperheater Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | | |
| Horizon | Week 12 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.9 HP1-HS: Desuperheater DH flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the desuperheater on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of t DH flow through the desuperheater on HS of HP1 is investigated to be able to draw graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps according to the table and the corresponding flow measured. After changing the set point the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.9 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| | Desuperheater HP1 HS flow | FT4264 | 1/3/5(m ³ /h) | |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | | |
| Special equipment Expected duration | No special equipment required 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adj system and 30 minutes for stable running with | • | - | |
| | | | di 100 mm. | |
| Horizon | Week 12 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and max | k measurements where | |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.10 HP2-HS: Desuperheater DH flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the desuperheater on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of DH flow through the desuperheater on HS of HP2 is investigated to be able to dra graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps according to the table and the corresponding flow measured. After changing the set point the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.10 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| | Desuperheater HP2 HS flow | FT4266 | 6/8/10(m ³ /h) | |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least No special equipment required | | | |
| Special equipment Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adj | • | - | |
| | system and 30 minutes for stable running with | nout alarms. Tot | ai 180 min. | |
| Horizon | Week 12 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and max | x measurements where | |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.11 HP1-LS: Oil cooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the oil cooler on the overall COP. | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity DH flow through the oilcooler on LS of HP1 is investigated to be able to draw a of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps and measuring the corresponding flow. After changing the set point system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point The heat source for this test is seawater. | | | |
| | Test 3.11 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW | |
| | Oil cooler HP1 LS flow | FT4267 | 2,8/3,0/3,2(m ³ /h) | |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | | |
| Horizon | Week 13 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and max | x measurements where | |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | | |
| Comments | | | | |

| Name of test | 3.12 HP2-LS: Oil cooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | |
|--|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the oil cooler on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of th DH flow through the oilcooler on LS of HP2 is investigated to be able to draw a grap of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps and measuring the corresponding flow. After changing the set point th system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source for this test is seawater. | | |
| | Test 3.12 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| | Oil cooler HP1 LS flow | FT4270 | 2,8/3,0/3,2(m ³ /h) |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 13 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. | the min and max | c measurements where |
| Coordination with | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with st | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) Success criteria | here the intermediate points area measured. The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with st alarms. | | |

| Name of test | 3.13 HP1-HS: Oil cooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the oil cooler on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings DH flow through the oilcooler on HS of HP1 is of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by ch loop in steps and measuring the correspondin system is allowed to stabilize and then run for The heat source for this test is seawater. | investigated to nanging the set p g flow. After cha | be able to draw a graph point for the control nging the set point the |
| | Test 3.13 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| | Oil cooler HP1 LS flow | FT4268 | 2,0/2,1/2,2(m ³ /h) |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 13 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and max | x measurements where |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| | | | |

| Name of test | 3.14 HP2-HS: Oil cooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the oil cooler on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings DH flow through the oilcooler on HS of HP2 is of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by ch loop in steps and measuring the correspondin system is allowed to stabilize and then run for The heat source for this test is seawater. | investigated to nanging the set p g flow. After cha | be able to draw a graph point for the control inging the set point the |
| | Test 3.14 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| | Oil cooler HP2 HS flow | FT4272 | 4,2/4,5/4,8(m ³ /h) |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 13 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and max | x measurements where |
| other tests (?) | here the intermediate points area measured. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 3.15 HP1-HS: Subcooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the subcooler on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. DH flow through the subcooler on HS of HP1 is graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed control loop in steps and measuring the corres point the system is allowed to stabilize and th point. The heat source for this test is seawater. | s investigated to d by changing th sponding flow. A | be able to draw a e set point for the fter changing the set |
| | Test 3.15 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| | Subcooler HP1 HS flow | FT4263 | 3/4/6(m ³ /h) |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP, COP for both heat pump 1 and 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and 180 min. | | |
| | | | and 180 min. |
| Horizon | Week 14 | | and 180 min. |
| Horizon Special conditions required | | | and 180 min. |
| Special conditions | Week 14 | | |
| Special conditions required Coordination with | Week 14 No special conditions required Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is | the min and may | k measurements where |
| Special conditions required Coordination with other tests (?) | Week 14 No special conditions required Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with st | the min and may | k measurements where |
| Special conditions required Coordination with other tests (?) Success criteria | Week 14 No special conditions required Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with st alarms. | the min and may | k measurements where |

| Name of test | 3.16 HP2-HS: Subcooler DH flow sensitivity on COP | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|----------------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the district heating flow through the subcooler on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of the DH flow through the subcooler on HS of HP2 is investigated to be able to draw a graph of the COP vs. flow. The flow is changed by changing the set point for the control loop in steps and measuring the corresponding flow. After changing the set point the system is allowed to stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source for this test is seawater. | | |
| | Test 3.16 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 5000kW |
| | Subcooler HP2 HS flow | FT4265 | 5/10/15(m ³ /h) |
| Special equipment | The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | No special equipment required 3 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 180 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 14 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable running condition and without alarms. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

| Name of test | 3.17 HP1: Liquid level in liquid separator for evaporator | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the liquid level in the liquid separator on the overall COP. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of the liquid level in the liquid separator is investigated to be able to draw a graph of the COP vs. the level. The level is changed in three steps for three capacities. After changing the level the system can stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source for this test is seawater. | | |
| | Test 3.16 | Sensor | Value |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 1000/3000/5000kW |
| | Liquid level | LT100.01 | ?/?/?(%) |
| Measurements | Measurement of the level in the separato Measurements of total COP and COP for I The measurements should be logged at least | both heat pump 1 | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 9 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 540 min. | | |
| Horizon | Week 14 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. | the min and max | x measurements where |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable COP. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| | | | |

| Name of test | 3.18 HP2:- Liquid level in liquid separator for evaporator | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to get a graph over the sensitivity of the liquid level in the liquid separator on the overall COP. | | | | |
| Short description | The heat pump is adjusted to factory settings. Then in this test, the sensitivity of the liquid level in the liquid separator is investigated to be able to draw a graph of the COP vs. the level. The level is changed in three steps for three capacities. After changing the level the system can stabilize and then run for 30 min for each measuring point. The heat source for this test is seawater. | | | | |
| | Test 3.16 | Sensor | Value | | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 50°C | | |
| | District heating intermediate temperature | TT4227 | 68°C | | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 80°C | | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 1000/3000/5000kW | | |
| | Liquid level | LT150.01 | ?/?/?(%) | | |
| | | L1130.01 | :/:/:(/0) | | |
| | Measurement of the level in the separator Measurements of total COP and COP for both heat pump 2 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | | |
| Expected duration | 9 tests. Each with 30 min for reaching the adjusted set points and for stabilising the system and 30 minutes for stable running without alarms. Total 540 min. | | | | |
| Horizon | Week 14 | | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is here the intermediate points area measured. | the min and max | Should be conducted with tests 2.10 which is the min and max measurements where here the intermediate points area measured. | | |
| | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with stable COP. | | | | |
| Success criteria | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with s | table COP. | | | |
| Success criteria Participants | The heat pump can run for 30 minutes with st HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | table COP. | | | |
| | | table COP. | | | |

4 Long term test

In the long term test, the automatic function of the HP AutoTune and HP Doctor are tested regarding optimising COP and costs related to operation and maintenance.

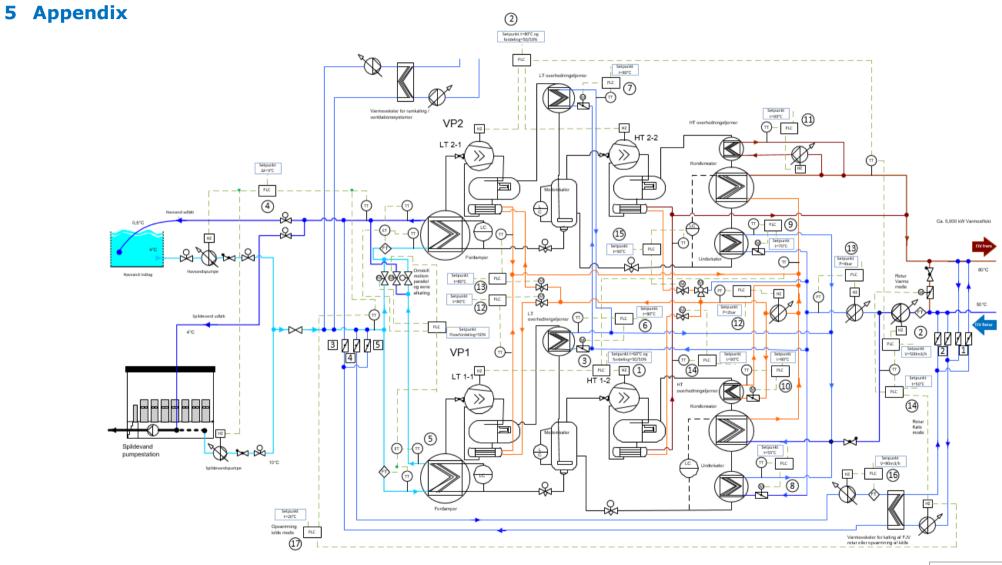
At this stage of the test, the impact of fouling is also expected to become more evident and the effect of various modes and frequencies of cleaning will be tested with input from HP Doctor. For the HP AutoTune the heat pump system will be running with the factory settings for a period of time and then the HP AutoTune is allowed to adjust the heat pump and run for the same time period. Then the average COP for both situations is compared.

For the HP Doctor the heat pump system is running with the HP Doctor on and the data for selected surveillance parts are monitored and compared to the HP Doctors evaluation of the situation.

| Name of test | 4.1 HP AutoTune | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to find the difference in average COP for the heat pump running first with factory settings on all control loops and then with HP AutoTune switched on. The conditions on the warm side is fixed. | | | |
| Short description | First the heat pump runs with factory setting the HP AutoTune is switch on and the heat p and runs for 5 days. This is done for three co capacities. The heat source for this test is seawater and temperature available at the time of testing. | oump is released f onditions on the w I the seawater ten | rom factory settings varm site and three | |
| | Test 3.16 | Sensor | Value | |
| | District heating inlet temperature | TT4250 | 44/55/57°C | |
| | District heating outlet temperature | TT4223 | 68/80/90°C | |
| | Heat pump system load | 02EM4262 | 1000/3000/5000kW | |
| Measurements | Measurement of the district heating inlet and outlet temperatures and capacities. Measurements of total COP and COP for both heat pump 1 The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | | |
| Special equipment | No special equipment required | | | |
| Expected duration | 9 tests. Each taking 7 days. Total 63 days. | | | |
| Horizon | Week 15 to 27 | | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Not connected to other tests. | | | |
| | | That the average COP for heat pump optimized by HP AutoTune is higher than the one without. | | |
| Success criteria | | zed by HP AutoTu | ne is higher than the | |
| | | zed by HP AutoTu | ne is higher than the | |
| Success criteria | one without. | zed by HP AutoTu | ne is higher than the | |

| Name of test | 4.2 HP Doctor | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Purpose | The purpose of the test is to follow the selected functions in HP Doctor and compare to data from the data acquisition system. | | |
| Short description | The heat pump runs for 6 months with seaws source is changed to sewage water and the h heat pump runs again with seawater for 6 m year of running on both heat source. | neat pump runs fo | or 12 months. Then the |
| | Test 3.16 | Sensor | Value |
| Measurements | Measurement of the district heating inle | t and outlet tempe | eratures and capacities. |
| Special equipment | Measurements of total COP and COP for both heat pumps The measurements should be logged at least every 10 sec (or as often as possible) | | |
| | No special equipment required | | |
| Expected duration | 3 tests. In total taking 2 years. | | |
| Horizon | Week 28 in 2019 to 48 in 2020 | | |
| Special conditions required | No special conditions required | | |
| Coordination with other tests (?) | Not connected to other tests. | | |
| Success criteria | That the HP Doctor can detect the running condition of the heat pump. | | |
| Participants | HOFOR, DTI, Innoterm, DTU MEK | | |
| Responsible for test | Planning: Johannes, DTI Operation: Jógvan HOFOR Reporting/follow up after test: DTI | | |
| Comments | | | |

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